

WJEC (Wales) Chemistry A-level

SP 4.8b - Synthesis of an Organic Solid Product

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SP 4.8b - Synthesis of an Organic Solid Product

Aim

To synthesise 2-acetoxybenzenecarboxylic acid (aspirin) from 2-hydroxybenzenecarboxylic acid and ethanoic anhydride, purify the product using recrystallisation and determine its melting point.

Apparatus and Chemicals

- Deionised water
- Access to 3 decimal place mass balance (minimum 2 decimal place)
- 25 cm³ pear shaped flask
- 10 cm³ measuring cylinder
- Hot water bath
- Ice bath
- Glass stirring rod
- Buchner funnel
- Suction apparatus
- Watch glass
- Sample vial
- Labels/suitable pen
- Filter paper
- Melting point apparatus / Thiele tube
- Capillary tube
- 2-hydroxybenzenecarboxylic acid
- (CH₃CO)₂O (ethanoic anhydride)
- Concentrated H₃PO₄ solution

Safety Considerations

- ★ 2-hydroxybenzenecarboxylic acid harmful
- ★ (CH₃CO)₂O flammable, corrosive
- ★ Concentrated H₃PO₄ solution corrosive













Method

- Weigh out 1.0 g of 2-hydroxybenzenecarboxylic acid and transfer to a pear shaped flask.
- 2. Add 2 cm³ of (CH₃CO)₂O and 8 drops of concentrated H₃PO₄ solution.
- 3. Connect the reflux condenser and place in a fume hood.
- 4. Warm the mixture in a hot water bath until all of the solid dissolves then warm for a further 5 minutes.
- 5. Carefully add 5 cm³ of cold deionised water to the solution and stand the flask in a bath of iced water until **precipitation** appears to be complete. It may be necessary to **stir vigorously** with a glass rod to start the precipitation process.
- 6. Filter the mixture under **reduced pressure** to obtain the impure derivative and wash with a little cold water.
- 7. Using a boiling tube in a water bath, dissolve the **impure product** in the minimum amount of warm ethanol.
- 8. Add 5 cm³ of warm water drop-wise. If the solution becomes cloudy, heat until it becomes clear again.
- 9. Place the boiling tube into ice water for 15 minutes or until the crystals stop forming.
- 10. Filter the purified derivative under reduced pressure.
- 11. Dry the purified product using filter paper.
- 12. Collect your sample in a dry, pre-weighed sample vial and calculate the mass of the product. Use this information to calculate the **percentage yield** of the product.
- 13. Measure the **melting point** of the product.





